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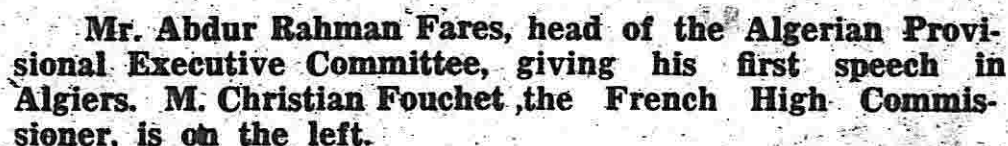
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AMSTERDAM, Apr. 29, (Reuter).—Holland is willing to negotiate with Indonesia on the future of West Irian on the basis of proposals made by the former U.S. Ambassador to India, Mr. Ellsworth Bunker, the newspaper Trouw reported here yesterday.

ASSEMBLY BODY'S DECISIONS

KABUL, Apr. 29.—The Afghan National Assembly's Commission on Foreign Affairs announced its decisions on the transit agreement between Afghanistan and Iran signed recently.

Similarly, the Finance and Budget Commission of the National Assembly, at its yesterday's session, studied the income and expenditure budget for the later part of 1340.

KABUL, Apr. 29.—The Government of Pakistan has arrested recently Khair Mohammad Achakzai, a resident of Tobak in Southern Occupied Pakhtunistan, on charges of taking part in the freedom movement. He has been imprisoned in the Chaman jail.

FOR DELHI

KABUL, Apr. 29.—Mr. John P. Humphrey, the Director of Human Rights Division of the U.N. Secretariat, left Kabul for New Delhi yesterday.

To bid him farewell, Dr. Rawan Farhadi, the Director of United Nations Division at the Afghan Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and some officials of the various Ministries were present at the airport.

Mr. Humphrey, during his one-week stay here visited some industrial and educational institutions.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 29, (Reuter).—President Kennedy and Mr. Harold Macmillan agreed in their White House talks yesterday that they would be willing to take part in East-West summit meetings if such meetings offered the prospect of a useful result, official sources said.

Claim

MOSCOW, Apr. 29 (Reuter).—A Soviet scientist says he has proved the existence of water on Mars in the form of ice and snow.

Dr. Nikolai Kozyrev, of Pulicovo Observatory near Leningrad, told Tass he had completed an analysis of scores of spectrograms obtained at the Crimean Astrophysical Observatory by a 50-inch reflector in 1954, 1956 and 1961 when the planet was closest to earth.

His conclusion was that the dispersion of light in the planet's atmosphere was caused by particles which increased near the planet's poles or in low temperatures.

"It seems that a mantel hiding the surface of the planet continually hangs over the poles. It is natural to suppose that these particles are snow," he said.

KABUL, Apr. 29.—A new health centre has been opened in Landaisin of Nooristan in the eastern province of Nangarhar by the Rural Development Department. This is the third centre being opened in that part of the coun-

SEE MOON MEN
SEE MEN ON

Administration (NASA) has been

In 1964, surveyor spacecraft will land more elaborate instruments gently on the moon, for

In 1964, a larger mariner will be fired toward Mars.

A small capsule, ejected from the spacecraft, will enter the (martian) atmosphere and make direct measurements on the planet, Dr. Newell said "while the spacecraft continues on its course by the planet."

These mariners will make simi

HERAT, Apr. 29.—His Majesty the King arrived yesterday afternoon at Owbi, near Herat, after spending two days in the provincial capital.

Before his departure from Herat, His Majesty attended a reception given in his honour by the Military Commander of Herat at Zalmai Kote. The Governor of the province, high-ranking officials and prominent personalities attended the function. There was a variety programme including national dances and folk songs.

Two girls thanked His Majesty
for his visit to Herat.

On Friday His Majesty inspected the construction work on various roads, bridges and the new Herat airport.

He also inspected the work on the western highway from Herat to Torghondai. The highways which is being modernized in parts are to be concreted. His Majesty expressed satisfaction about the speed of work.

The same day he visited various historic places in the city of Herat.

KABUL, Apr. 29.—His Majesty the King of Afghanistan, in a telegram to Emperor Hirohito of Japan has congratulated him on



his birth anniversary which is being celebrated throughout Japan today.

Emperor Hirohito was born in 1901 and acceded to the throne in 1926.

Postponed

CAIRO, Apr. 29. (Reuter).—A Presidential decree was issued last night postponing the inaugural meeting of the United Arab Republic National Congress from 25 to 5 to May 21.

No reason was given for the postponement of the meeting at which President Nasser is due to present a new national charter. The charter is expected to contain the broad outline of Egypt's foreign and domestic policy. It will also probably outline the future functions of the Congress and the conditions under which national union elections will be held later this year.

Accord On Disarm Treaty Preamble More Schools To Be Opened In Afghanistan Coup Attempt In Ceylon

A STEP FORWARD, SAYS ZORIN

GENEVA, Apr. 29 (DPA).—The Soviet representative at the 17 Power Geneva Disarmament Conference, Mr. Valerian Zorin, said yesterday the meeting had taken "a first step forward" by having reached agreement on the preamble of a disarmament treaty.

In an interview with the East German news agency "ADN", Mr. Zorin accused the Western Powers of trying to divert the 17-Nations committee's attention from the chief issue.

Such manoeuvres could only be regarded as attempts at preventing an agreement.

Turning to the suggestions that a de-nuclearized zone be created in central Europe, Mr. Zorin said such suggestions were of special importance for world peace.

Once transportation and production of nuclear weapons and rockets were banned in West Germany, East Germany, Poland, and Czechoslovakia, he said, an area reduced tension would come into existence between NATO and the Warsaw Pact.

BIG-TWO TALKS IN WASHINGTON

(Contd. from page 1)

hope of achieving some agreement in the fields of a nuclear test ban and disarmament.

The President and the Prime Minister also discussed the situation in Laos with both continuing to hope that a government could be formed there devoted to maintaining independence and neutrality.

There was general agreement on all subjects discussed, the spokesmen said.

On the Common Market Mr. Macmillan was said to have drawn attention to the many difficulties that still remained and would have to be overcome before Britain could join.

British sources said he made it quite clear that Britain is trying to obtain membership and wants to achieve it but that it should not be thought that Britain was ready to sign on the dotted line.

The British sources said that Britain could not join the Common Market if it meant doing serious damage to the Commonwealth.

Steady Progress

On Berlin, the official spokesmen declined to say what kind of a report Mr. Kennedy had submitted to Mr. Macmillan regarding the latest United States-Soviet exchanges. They declined to comment on a published report that the exploratory discussions were making slow but steady progress.

In connection with the Common Market discussion, President Kennedy was said to have pointed out the problems which might face Latin America if they were shut out of the Common Market completely.

He was said to have pointed out that a number of Latin American countries relied heavily on their trade with Europe and a diminution in this trade because of Common Market policies could be harmful to Latin American economies.

The President and the Prime Minister will continue their talks today at the White House.

They will then take up the remainder of the items on their agenda and the spokesmen said a communique might be issued later today.

KABUL, Apr. 29.—The opening of 30 schools for fundamental education, 100 village schools and 50 literacy courses have been envisaged for the first year of the Second Five Year Development Plan.

Brentano To Meet Kennedy

DISCUSSION ON BERLIN

BONN, Apr. 29, (DPA).—The former West German Foreign Minister, Mr. Heinrich von Brentano, now the very active floor leader of the Christian democrats, the leading Bonn Government Party, intends to have an open and frank talk with President Kennedy next Monday.

On the eve of his departure for the United States, Mr. Brentano told DPA in an interview: Co-operation with the United States is and remains an essential requirement of our policy.

But when I am speaking of co-operation I want to make it clear that it presupposes an open and frank discussion.

Mr. Brentano said it was "silly and absurd" to say that he distrusted American policies, and noted that he was no longer being blamed for the pre-Easter Bonn "leaks" of the U.S. Berlin proposals for which he has denied responsibility.

At the same time Dr. Brentano made a number of emphatic points in connexion with some of these proposals:

1. No political decision must be taken on the Berlin question which upgrades East Germany and tends to meet the Soviet theory of "the existence of two German States."

2. West Berlin must remain under Western military protection and linked with the West German Federal Republic by economic and political ties.

3. The question of setting up East-West German technical commissions had "little to do" with the Berlin question.

Dr. Brentano said it was erroneous to claim that the West had already accepted these commissions at the 1959 Geneva conference. At that time they had been clearly tied up with German reunification, Dr. Brentano said.

4. The question of atomic armaments for N.A.T.O. troops also had "nothing to do" with a Berlin settlement. This question and the one of a European security system could only be tackled in connexion with a reunification settlement.

5. Any recognition of the demarcation lines between East and West in Europe would be "superfluous." The West German Government, Dr. Brentano said, had clearly and repeatedly declared that it would never resort to force to bring about reunification.

Dr. Brentano also indicated that the American plans regarding Berlin and Germany might soon have to go through a thorough parliamentary debate in Bonn.

In West Berlin, the city's Social Democrat governing Mayor, Mr. Willy Brandt yesterday reiterated that he was not surprised about the subjects now under discussion between the United States and the Soviet Union.

KABUL, Apr. 29.—Mr. J. N. Dhamija, the Indian Ambassador in the Court of Kabul yesterday met Dr. A. A. Popal, the Minister of Education, and presented a number of scientific books to the Ministry Libraries.

In order to further his studies in the field of surgery, Dr. Mohammad Ayub Akbar, a teacher in the Faculty of Medicine of Kabul University left Kabul on Saturday for the Federal Republic of Germany on a grant offered to him by the latter.

An official of the Ministry of Education said yesterday that 10 village schools will be upgraded to schools for fundamental education during the first year of the plan. Similarly, 36 departments of handicrafts will be opened in various schools for fundamental education. In the province of Kandahar, Kataghan several experimental schools will be opened this year.

LEOPOLDVILLE, Apr. 29, (UPI).—The U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs, Mr. Mennen Williams, arrived here last night for a five-day Congo tour, somewhat shaken by a tropical storm that broke just as his plane landed.

Observers watched his DC-6 tilt crazily in sudden gusts of wind and lightning as it approached for a landing.

Mr. Williams, arriving from Brazzaville, capital of the former French Congo, just across the Congo river, said that he was happy to return to the Congo.

164 Killed In Algeria In First Half Of April

PARIS, Apr. 29, (DPA).—Terror acts in the Algerian capital have cost the lives of 164 people in the first half of April, while 269 rpt 269 were wounded, it was stated here yesterday.

Among the dead were 134 Algerians and 41 Europeans.

The Provisional Algerian executive in Rocher Noir decided yesterday to put at the disposal of the police chief a number of units of the mobile security forces.

The number of policemen in Algiers and Oran is to be considerably increased.

The Provisional Executive urgently appealed to the French High Commissioner to do everything in his power to get troop reinforcements necessary for the maintenance of law and order in Algeria.

Security forces succeeded yesterday in preventing an O.A.S. planned mortar attack on the Algerian quarters of Oran.

O.A.S. commandos tried several times to move into position on the terraces of the houses bordering the Algerian quarter.

They were chased away by security forces sten-gun fire.

In Algiers, O.A.S. terrorists yesterday murdered a French Reserve officer. They stole his briefcase which is said to have contained very important documents.

Two French soldiers who for 14 months were kept prisoners of the F.L.N. in Algeria, arrived in Paris by air yesterday.

They were released on the basis of the Franco-Algerian Evian Treaty.

They said upon arrival at Orly airport that they had been treated correctly, but were not allowed to contact their families.

Scotland Church Asks U.K. To Abandon Nuclear Deterrent

EDINBURGH, Apr. 29 (Reuter).—A report of Scotland's Presbytery that part of Africa will become a nuclear State yesterday called on Britain to abandon its nuclear deterrent as a "moral danger to the African security."

The report, requested by the Church of Scotland's general Assembly last year, also said the church should protest against the continued testing of nuclear bombs by any nation.

GOVERNMENT'S VIEW

LONDON, Apr. 29, (Reuter).—The Ceylon High Commissioner here, Mr. R.S.S. Gunewardene, yesterday issued the text of his Government's views on the attempted coup d'etat in Ceylon on January 27.

The Statement said that the conduct of the conspirators senior officers of the Army and the police, was nothing short of treason.

It denied that new legislation passed by the Ceylon Government prescribing the death penalty for attempting to overthrow the Government was "retroactive legislation."

"The new legislation has only put beyond the pale of legal argument that an attempt to wage war against the Queen or an attempt to overthrow the Queen's Government mean one and the same thing," it said.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 29, (DPA).

A group of Soviet scientists led by Academician, Mr. A. A. Blagomarov, arrived in Washington yesterday for the regular session of the International Space Research Committee, which is to open on May 1, "Tass" reported.

Cattle Breding In Afghanistan

(Contd. from page 3)

tres in Afghanistan are Herat, Chakhansur, Kandahar, Ghazni, Paktia, Nangarhar, Hazarajat, Kabul, Mazar, Maimana, Faizabad and Kataghan.

Many useful steps have been taken by the Wool Company, assisted by the Government to produce more wool of better quality. A central laboratory has been established to help in grading and sorting wool produced in Kandahar and Hazarajat. Qualified personnel are also being trained to help in this laboratory and accelerate the general production of wool in the country. An average of six thousand tons of wool is being exported every year and another two thousand tons are locally used for producing carpets and other woolen piece goods.

(Contd. from page 2)

If Mr. Tshombe does not agree to a reasonable solution and if Mr. Adoula turns to foreign countries, as he said he would, to force Mr. Tshombe into giving up his activities then the situation in that part of Africa will become dangerous again causing further international tension and enmity among the African nations.

The peace-loving nations of the world sincerely hope that this cancer may soon be cut from the body politic of the Congo so that the UN as well as the rest of the world may have a sigh of relief.

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PARK CINEMA:

At 5-30 8, and 10, p.m. American film; **COMANCHE**: Starring, Dana Andrews, Kent Smith and Linda Cristal.

BEHZAD CINEMA:

At 5-00 and 7-30 p.m. Indian film; **GIPSY GIRL** Starring Amar Noth, Nani and Anarraw.

ZAINAB CINEMA:

At 5-00 and 7-30 p.m. Indian film; **AMAR DEEP** Starring Paran: Devanand and Wajanti Mala.

Nobel Prize Winner Pickets White House

WASHINGTON, Apr. 29 (UPI).—The atomic scientists, Mr. Linus Pauling, who will be President Kennedy's guest today at a dinner for Nobel Prize winners, picketed the White House yesterday.

Dr. Pauling and his wife joined in a massive demonstration, called by the "women-strike for peace" movement, to protest against the resumption of U.S. atmospheric nuclear tests.

He said he was a "volunteer" in the picket line, which was forced to march about a block away from the White House, across Lafayette Park, because the British Prime Minister, Mr. Harold MacMillan, was a guest at the mansion yesterday.

A law bars picketing of foreign embassies and the White House and Blair House within 500 ft. when the President has foreign visitors.

Asked if he would be attending President and Mrs. Kennedy's White House dinner this evening for 49 Nobel Prize winners Dr. Pauling said "Yes, Surely."

The tall, white-haired scientist, who has long opposed nuclear testing, added with a smile, "I couldn't turn that down."

He said he did not expect to debate his views on testing with his host, President Kennedy today.

"It is a social event," he explained. "I don't think it will come up."

AFGHAN FOLKLORE

(Contd. from Page 3)

my life and even accompanied me for some distance. The robber was awaiting my arrival, and when I returned to him, he also did not do any harm to me.

"Now gentlemen, tell me, which one of the three, that is the gardener, the lion and the robber, is to be praised more for his behaviour towards me?"

One of the guests shouted: "Definitely, the Gardener, because it takes a great man not to fall for such a beautiful woman like you."

Another said, "The lion is to be praised more, because after all he as an animal showed the quality of mercy which is rare even among men."

And the third said, "The thief is a great man for it is not an easy thing to resist the jewellery of a Princess on her wedding night."

"This is the thief," she said, "who has stolen the ruby. After a few minutes, he confessed to stealing the ruby."

Government Printing House.